

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 7-Sept-2016

Revision Date: N/A

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name PURUS Premium Cotton Picker Spindle Grease

Other means of identification PIN57320, PIN37320, PIN27320, PIN17320
SDS # PUR-038

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Lubricant

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

Warren Oil Company
915 E. Jefferson Ave.
West Memphis, AR 72301

Manufactured for:

AIOD
P.O. BOX 1861
Montrose, CO 81402-1861
970-249-6336 www.purusproducts.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 1-800-428-9284
Emergency Telephone (24 hr) CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (North America) 1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Green semi-liquid **Physical State** Semi-fluid **Odor** Mild petroleum

Classification

This chemical does not meet the hazardous criteria set forth by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). However, this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of this product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	70-80
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	64742-52-5	10-20
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-57-0	<5
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate	68649-42-3	<1

If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness, or pain persists.
Skin Contact	If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water. For contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean or discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Vaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure, move the person to fresh air.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Rinse out mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. Allow small quantities to pass through the digestive system. If large amounts are swallowed or irritation or discomfort, seek medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms	No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short term exposure at ambient temperatures. At elevated temperatures, product vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation. Repeated or prolonged overexposure to product mists can result in respiratory tract inflammation and an increased risk of infection. This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid sprays or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling. This material can cause mild skin irritation from prolonged or repeated skin contact. Injection under the skin can cause inflammation and swelling. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention. Skin contact with hot material may result in severe burns. This material can cause a laxative effect. If swallowed in large quantities, this material can obstruct the intestine.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Skin: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal. Ingestion: Check for possible bowel obstruction with ingestion of large quantities of material.
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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Water or foam may cause frothing. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/or zinc.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Fight the fire from a safe distance in a protected location. Open any masses with a water stream to prevent re-ignition due to smoldering. Cool surface with water fog. Molten material can form flaming droplets if ignited. Use of water on product above 100°C (212°F) can cause product to expand with explosive force. Do not allow liquid runoff to enter sewers or public waters.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal Precautions** Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material.
- Environmental Precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for Containment** Stop leak if you can do so without risk.
- Methods for Clean-Up** For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for lateral disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. In urban area, clean up spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek clean up advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

- Advice on Safe Handling** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage Conditions** Avoid water contamination and elevated temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty containers may contain product residue that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store only in approved containers. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time.
- Incompatible Materials** Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil 64742-52-5	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (oil mist) STEL: 10 mg/m ³ (oil mist)	TWA: 5mg/m ³ (oil mist) STEL: none estab.	TWA: none estab. STEL: none estab.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Not expected to occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame, and strongly oxidizing conditions.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and oxides of sulfur, phosphorus, zinc and/or nitrogen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin Contact Avoid contact with skin.

Inhalation Do not inhale.

Ingestion Do not ingest.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Hydrotreated Castor Oil – (flake or solid) 8001-78-3	> 10 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
Lithium Hydroxide Solution 1310-66-3	= 120 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 0.96 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Symptoms Please see Section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity Based on the information provided, this product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 64742-54-7		5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil 64742-52-5		5000: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50		1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Hydrogenated Castor Oil – (flake or solid) 8001-78-3		10000: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50		
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate 68649-42-3		1.0 – 5.0: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 10.0 – 35.0: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 semi-static		1 – 1.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Not determined

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate 68649-42-3	Toxic

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note

Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT	Not regulated
IATA	Not regulated
IMDG	Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	Present	X		Present		Present	X	Present	X	X
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate	Present	X		Present			X	Present	X	X

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355).

SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS NO	Weight-%	SARA 313 – Threshold Values
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate – 68649-42-3	68649-42-3	<1	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Chemical Name	CWA – Reportable Quantities	CWA – Toxic Pollutants	CWA – Priority Pollutants	CWA – Hazardous Substances
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate		X		

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Lithium Hydroxide Solution 1310-66-3	X		
Zinc Alkyl Dithiophosphate 68649-42-3	X		X

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	1	1	0	Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Personal Protection
	1	1	0	Not determined

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet